

#### Number and movement of veterinarians in NSW

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#### Agenda







Employment types



Employment location



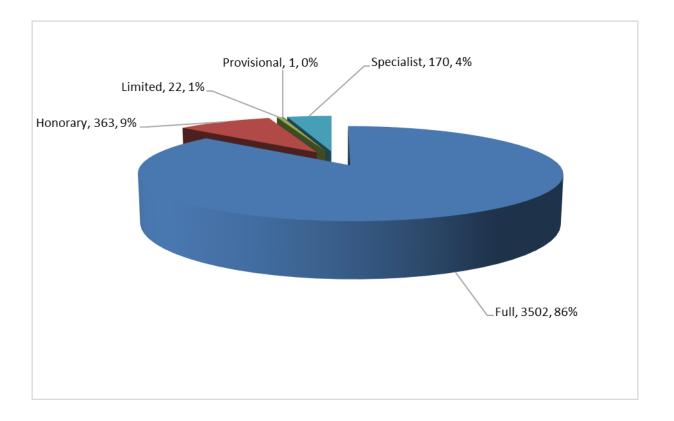
Gender



Summary

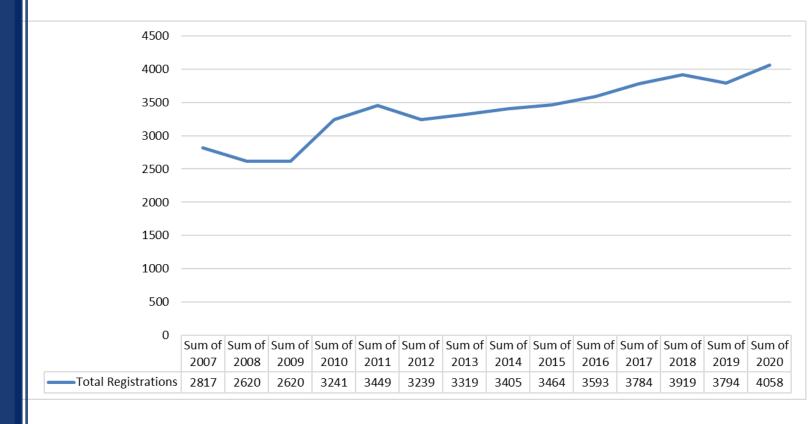


### Registration Types 2020





#### Total Registrants 2007-2020



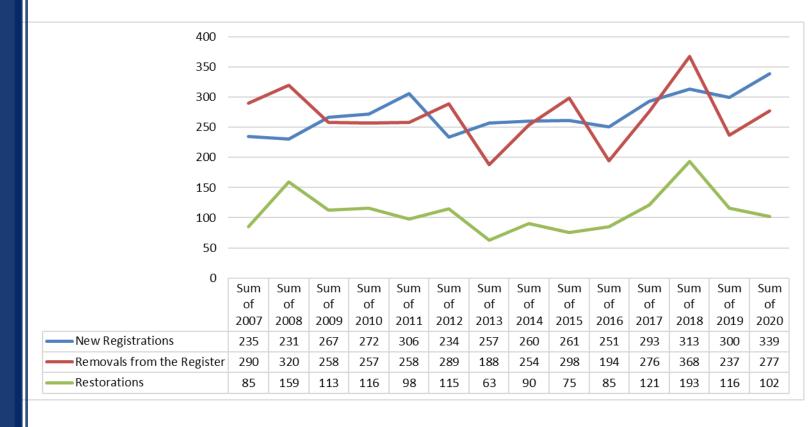


#### Registration Types 2007-2020



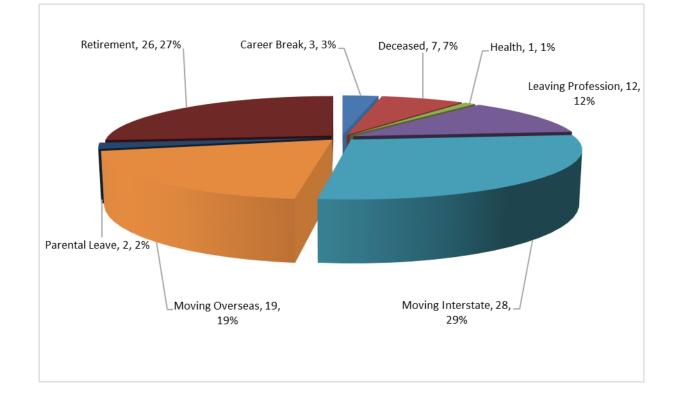


#### Changes to the Register 2007-2020





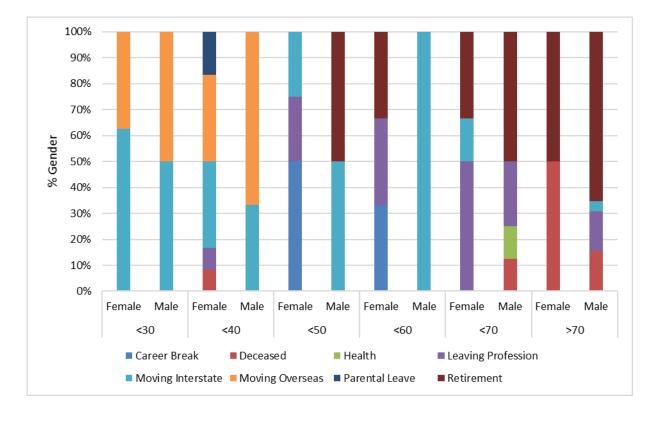
#### Reasons for removal 2020



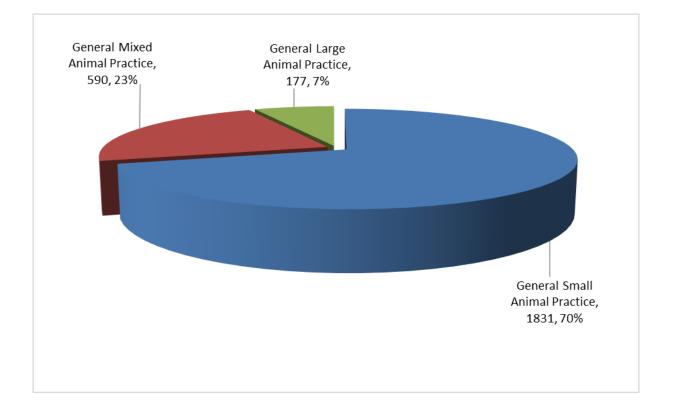


#### Reasons for removal by gender and age 2020





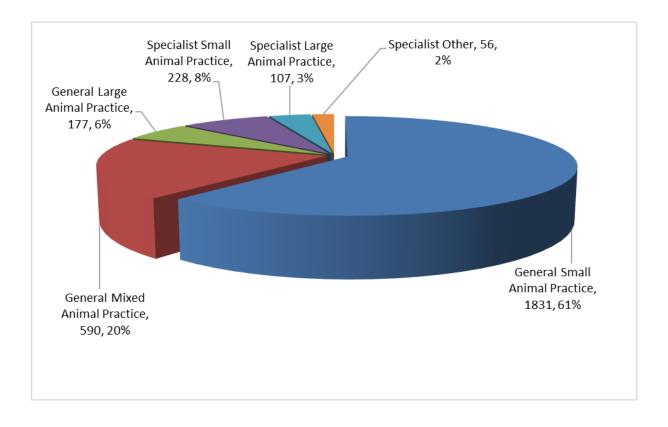
## Employment type general practice 2020



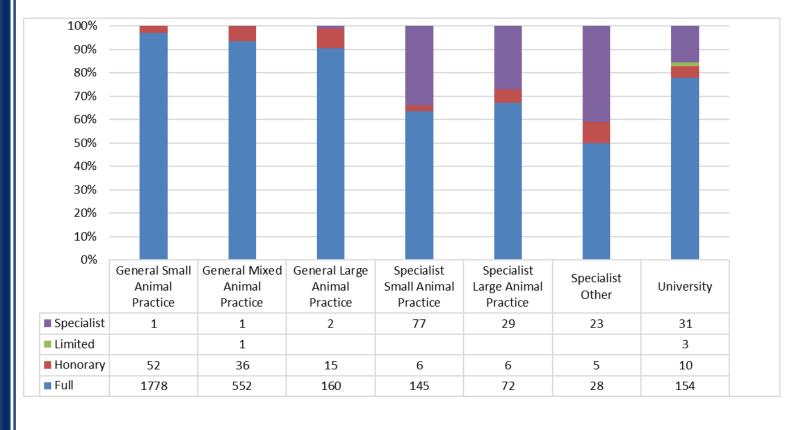


# Employment type general and specialist practice 2020



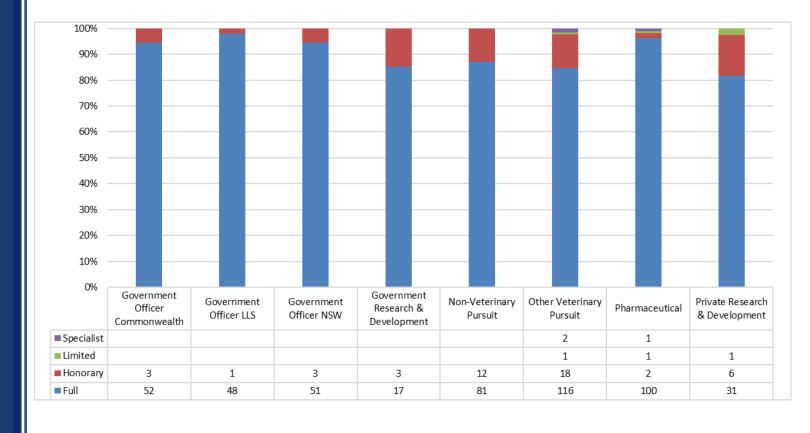


Employment type clinical practice by registration type 2020



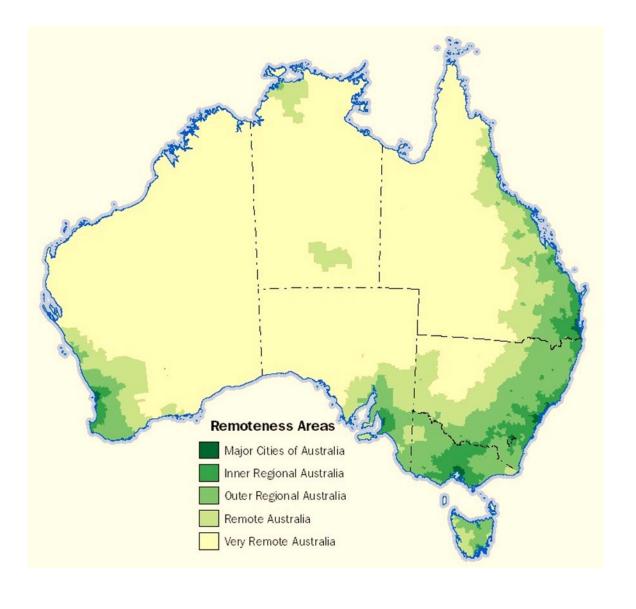


Employment type non-clinical practice by registration type 2020

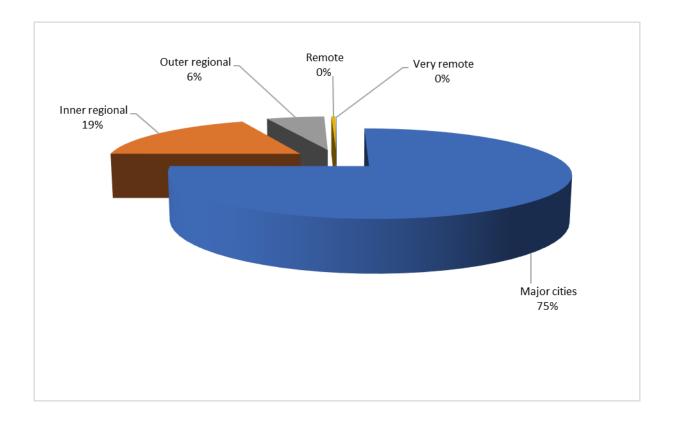




### Employment location remoteness areas



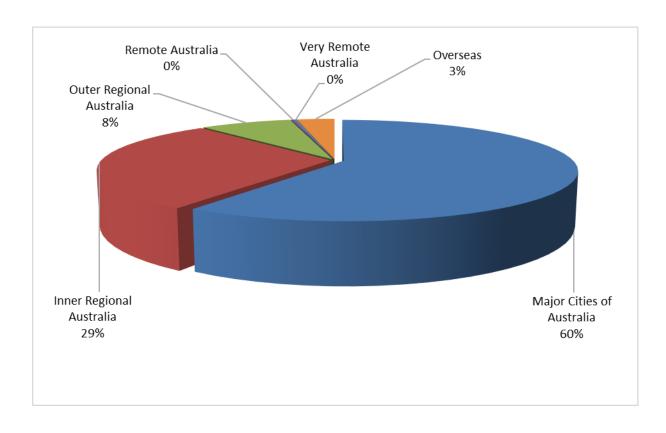
## Remoteness index NSW population 2016



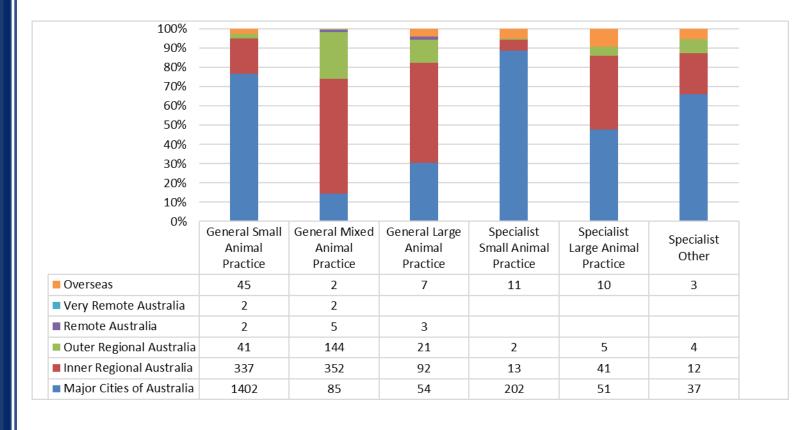


## Employment location remoteness 2020



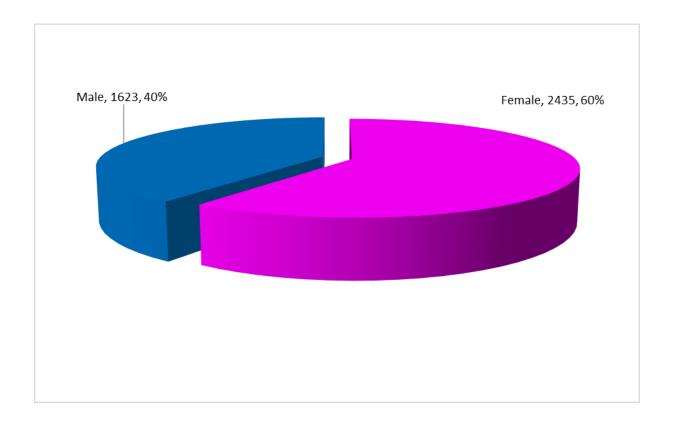


Type of practice and employment location 2020



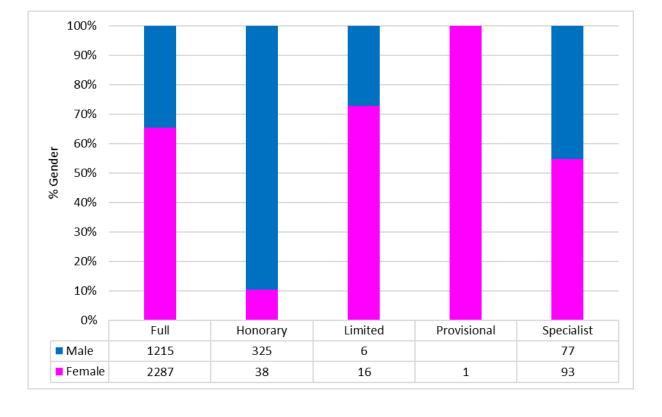


### Gender distribution 2020





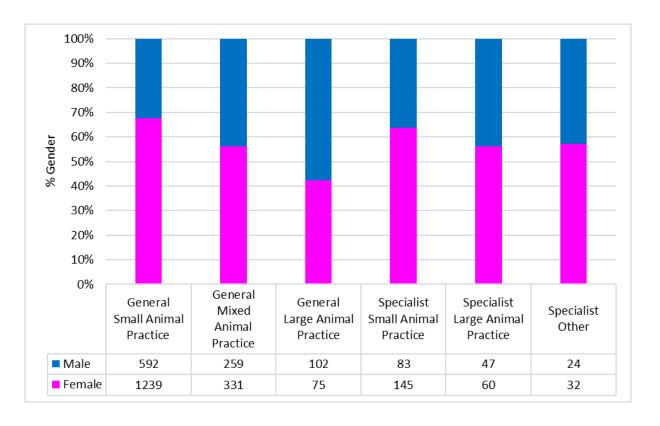
### Registration Types 2020



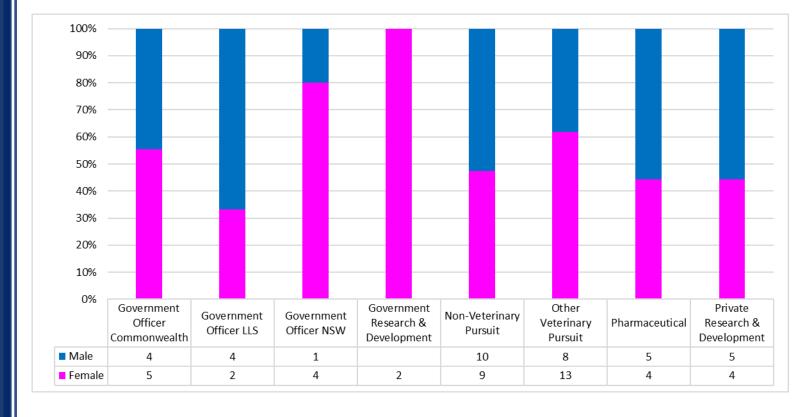


### Gender distribution clinical practice 2020



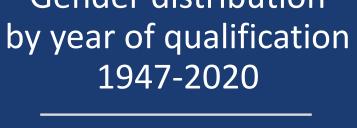


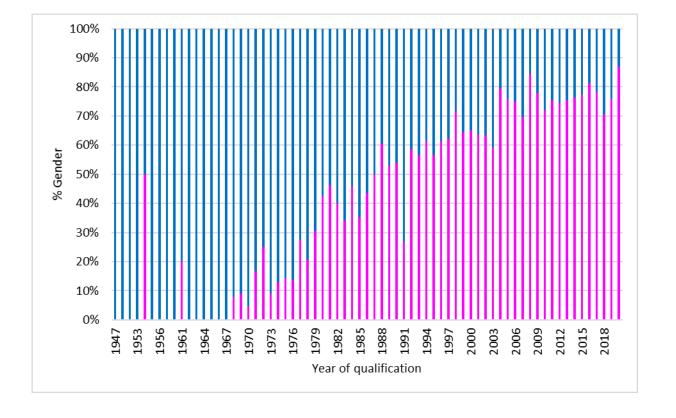
## Employment type non-clinical 2020



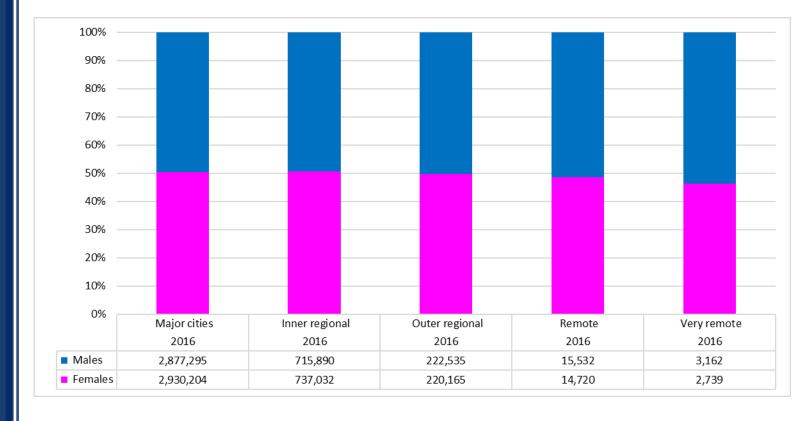


Gender distribution 1947-2020



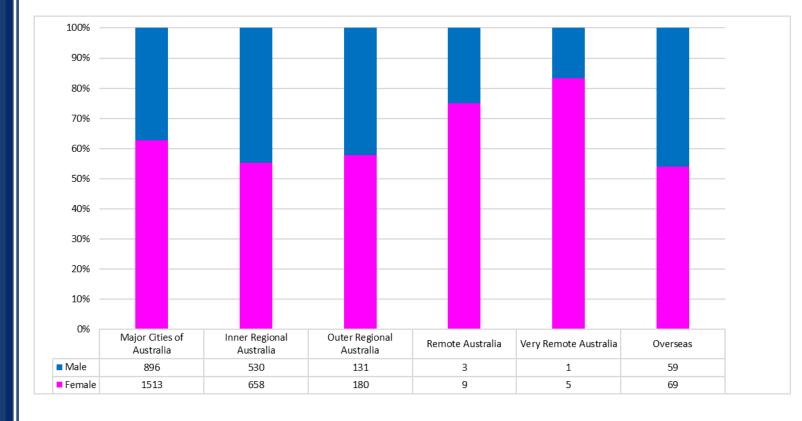


# Gender distribution and remoteness NSW 2016





## Gender distribution and remoteness 2020





#### Summary



The number of veterinarians has increased on average by 3% each year. Between one half and two thirds of veterinarians removing themselves from the Register each year typically will not return.



Approximately 75% of registrants work in clinical practice and of these the distribution is approximately 70:20:10 for small, mixed and large animal practice types respectively.



Approximately 60% of veterinarians work in major cities of NSW and 29% work in inner regional NSW. By contrast 75% of the population reside in major cities and 19% in inner regional NSW.



Approximately 80% of new graduate registrations are females and 60% of all veterinarians are female. For clinical practice the only area still dominated by males is general large animal practice.



For more meaningful data to assist with workforce planning the Board will need to collect information on FTE status.



Questions



